

§ 906.5

(a) *Workability.* The plan must be practically workable, with sound potential for long-term success. Financial viability, including the capability of purchasers to meet the financial obligations of homeownership, is a critical requirement.

(b) *Legality.* The plan must be consistent with law, including the requirements of this part and any other applicable Federal, State, and local statutes and regulations, and existing contracts. Subject to the other two criteria stated in this section, any provision that is not contrary to those legal requirements may be included in the plan, at the discretion of the PHA, whether or not expressly authorized in this part.

(c) *Documentation.* The plan must be clear and complete enough to serve as a working document for implementation, as well as a basis for HUD review.

§ 906.5 Resident consultation and involvement.

(a) *Resident input.* In developing a proposed homeownership plan, and in carrying out the plan after HUD approval, the PHA shall consult with residents of the development involved, and with any resident organization that represents them, as necessary and appropriate to provide them with information and a reasonable opportunity to make their views and recommendations known to the PHA. If the plan contemplates sale of units in an entirely vacant development, the PHA shall consult with the PHA-wide resident organization, if any. While the Act gives the PHA sole legal authority for final decisions, as to whether or not to submit a proposed homeownership plan and the content of such a proposal, the PHA shall give residents and their resident organizations full opportunity for input in the homeownership planning process, and full consideration of their concerns and opinions.

(b) *Resident initiatives.* Where individual residents, a Resident Management Corporation (RMC), or another form of resident organization may wish to initiate discussion of a possible homeownership plan, the PHA shall negotiate with them in good faith. Joint development and submission of the plan by the PHA and RMC, or other

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resident organization, is encouraged. In addition, participation of an RMC or other resident organization in the implementation of the plan is encouraged.

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§ 906.6 Property that may be sold.

(a) *Types of property.* Subject to the workability criterion of § 906.4(a) (including, for example, consideration of common elements and other characteristics of the property), a homeownership plan may provide for sale of one or more dwellings, along with interests in any common elements, comprising all or a portion of one or more public housing developments. A plan may provide for conversion of existing public housing to homeownership or for homeownership sale of newly-developed public housing. (However, for public housing units developed as replacement housing for units demolished or disposed of pursuant to 24 CFR part 970, that part requires that the initial occupants be selected solely on the basis of the requirements governing rental occupancy, without reference to any additional homeownership eligibility or selection requirements under this part.) Turnkey III homeownership units may be converted to Section 5(h) homeownership, upon voluntary termination by any existing Turnkey III homebuyers of their contractual rights and amendment of the ACC, in a form prescribed by HUD.

(b) *Physical condition of property.* The property must meet local code requirements (or, if no local code exists, the housing quality standards established by HUD for the Section 8 Housing Assistance Payments Program for Existing Housing, under part 882 of this title) and the relevant requirements of the Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act (42 U.S.C. 4821-4846), the Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 4851-4856), and implementing regulations part 35, subparts A, B, L, and R of this title. When a prospective purchaser with disabilities requests accessible features, the features must be added in accordance with 24 CFR parts 8 and 9. Further, the property must be in good repair, with the major components having a remaining useful life that is

sufficient to justify a reasonable expectation that homeownership will be affordable by the purchasers. These standards must be met as a condition for conveyance of a dwelling to an individual purchaser, unless the terms of sale include measures to assure that the work will be completed within a reasonable time after conveyance, not to exceed two years (*e.g.*, as a part of a mortgage financing package that provides the purchaser with a home improvement loan or pursuant to a sound sweat equity arrangement).

[59 FR 56365, Nov. 10, 1994, as amended at 64 FR 50228, Sept. 15, 1999]

§ 906.7 Methods of sale and ownership.

(a) *Permissible methods.* Any appropriate method of sale and ownership may be used, such as fee-simple conveyance of single-family dwellings or conversion of multifamily buildings to resident-owned cooperatives or condominiums.

(b) *Direct or indirect sale.* A PHA may sell dwellings to residents directly or (with respect to multifamily buildings or a group of single-family dwellings) through another entity established and governed by, and solely composed of, residents of the PHA's public housing, provided that:

(1) The other entity has the necessary legal capacity and practical capability to carry out its responsibilities under the plan; and

(2) The respective rights and obligations of the PHA and the other entity will be specified by a written agreement that includes:

(i) Assurances that the other entity will comply with all provisions of the HUD-approved homeownership plan;

(ii) Assurances that the PHA's conveyance of the property to the other entity will be subject to a title restriction providing that the property may be resold or otherwise transferred only by conveyance of individual dwellings to eligible residents, in accordance with the HUD-approved homeownership plan, or by reconveyance to the PHA, and that the property will not be encumbered by the other entity without the written consent of the PHA;

(iii) Protection against fraud or misuse of funds or other property on the

part of the other entity, its employees, and agents;

(iv) Assurances that the resale proceeds will be used only for the purposes specified by the HUD-approved homeownership plan;

(v) Limitation of the other entity's administrative and overhead costs, and of any compensation or profit that may be realized by the entity, to amounts that are reasonable in relation to its responsibilities and risks;

(vi) Accountability to the PHA and residents for the recordkeeping, reporting and audit requirements of § 906.17;

(vii) Assurances that the other entity will administer its responsibilities under the plan on a nondiscriminatory basis, in accordance with the Fair Housing Act and implementing regulations; and

(viii) Adequate legal remedies for the PHA and residents, in the event of the other entity's failure to perform in accordance with the agreement.

§ 906.8 Purchaser eligibility and selection.

Standards and procedures for eligibility and selection of the initial purchasers of individual dwellings shall be consistent with the following provisions:

(a) *Applications.* Persons who are interested in purchase must submit applications for that specific purpose, and those applications shall be handled separately from applications for other PHA programs. For vacant units, applications shall be dated as received by the PHA and, subject to eligibility and preference factors, selection shall be made in the order of receipt. Application for homeownership shall not affect an applicant's place on any other PHA waiting list.

(b) *Eligibility threshold.* Subject to any additional eligibility and preference standards that are required or permitted under this section, a homeownership plan may provide for the eligibility of residents of public housing owned or leased by the seller PHA (including Turnkey III homebuyers who may elect to terminate their existing Turnkey III homebuyer agreements in favor of purchase under the Section 5(h) homeownership plan) and residents of other housing who are receiving